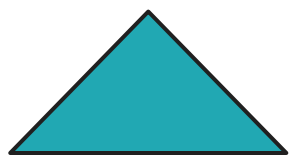
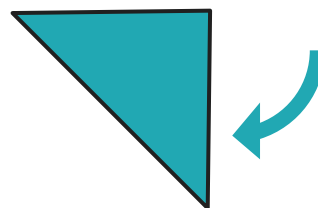


Two **triangles** are **similar** ( $\sim$ ) if they have the same shape.

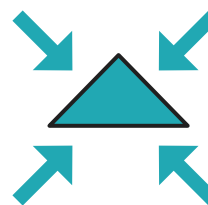
**Similar triangles** have different **sizes** and **rotations**.



Rotated 45° clockwise



Half of the original size

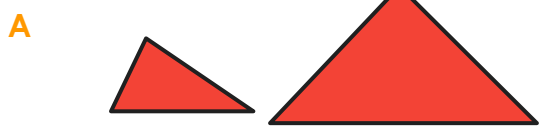


CFU

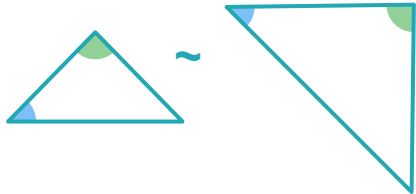
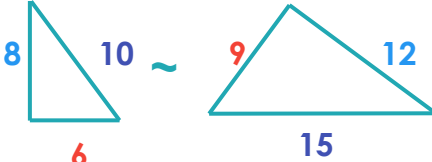
Which set of triangles appear to be similar? Explain.



Which set of triangles appear to be similar? Explain.

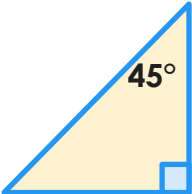
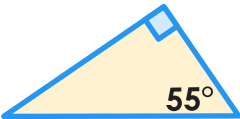
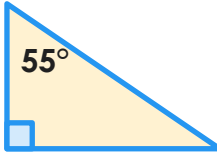


Two **triangles** are **similar** ( $\sim$ ) if they have the same shape.

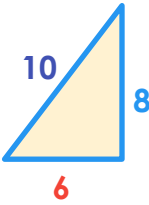
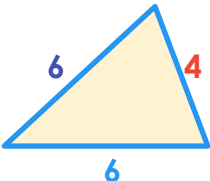
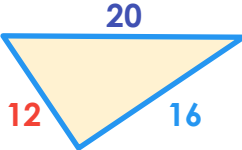
Similar Triangle Theorems	Examples
<p><b>Angle-Angle (AA) Similarity Theorem</b></p> <p>The triangles are <b>similar</b> (<math>\sim</math>) <math>\longleftrightarrow</math> The triangles share two equal angles.</p>	
<p><b>Side-Side-Side (SSS) Similarity Theorem</b></p> <p>The triangles are <b>similar</b> (<math>\sim</math>) <math>\longleftrightarrow</math> All corresponding side ratios are equal.</p>	 $\frac{10}{15} = \frac{8}{12} = \frac{6}{9}$

**CFU**

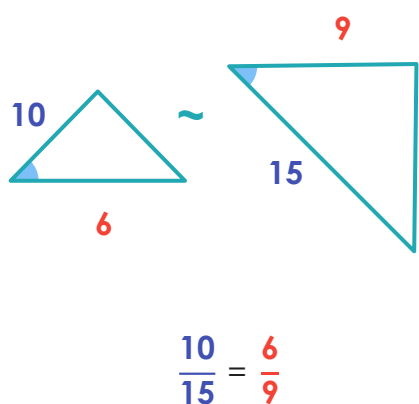
Which pair of triangles appear to be similar? Explain.

**A**  **B**  **C** 

Which pair of triangles appear to be similar? Explain.

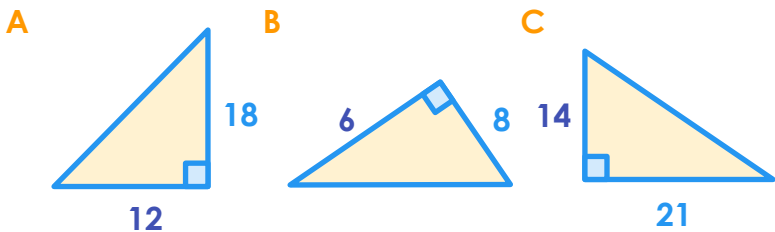
**A**  **B**  **C** 

Two **triangles** are **similar** ( $\sim$ ) if they have the same shape.

Similar Triangle Theorems	Examples
<p><b>Side-Angle-Side (SAS) Similarity Theorem</b></p> <p>The triangles are <b>similar</b> (<math>\sim</math>)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\updownarrow</math></p> <p>The corresponding side ratios and angles between the sides are equal.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\frac{10}{15} = \frac{6}{9}</math></p>

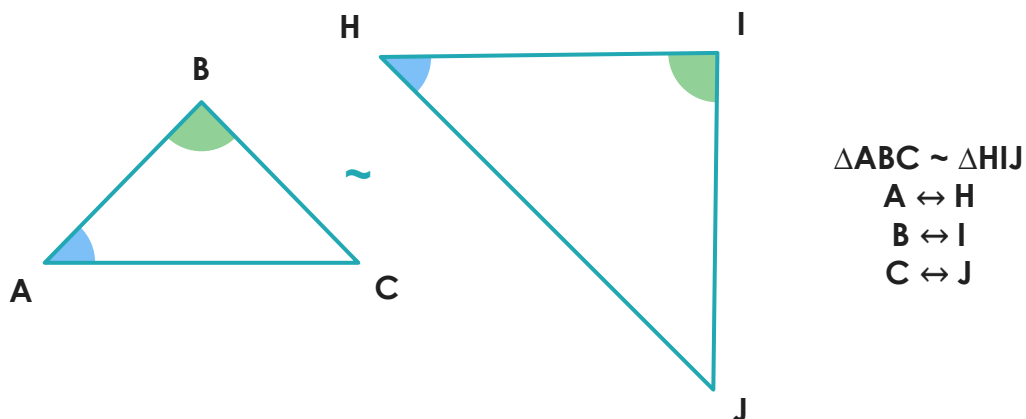
**CFU**

Which pair of triangles appear to be similar? Explain.



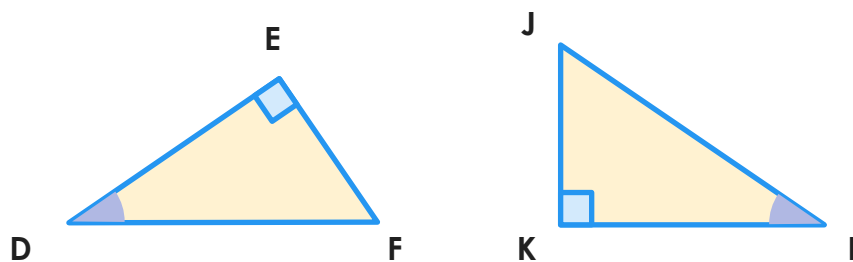
Two **triangles** are **similar** ( $\sim$ ) if they have the same shape.

The notation for **similar triangles** shows the correspondence between the points of each triangle.



CFU

Which is the geometric notation for these similar triangles? Explain.

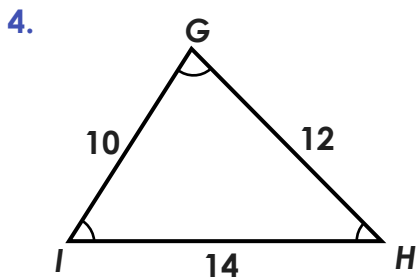
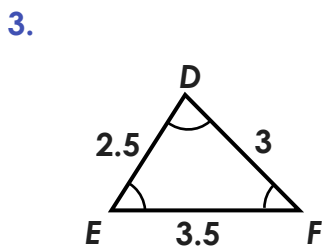
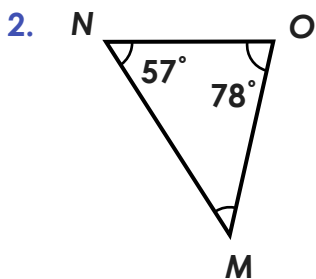
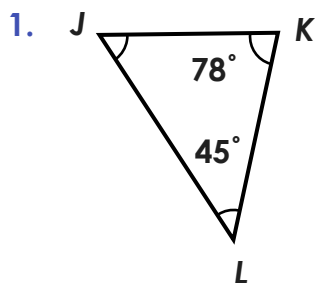
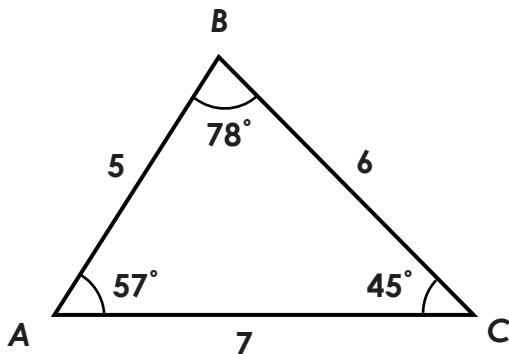


**A**  $\Delta FED \sim \Delta JLK$

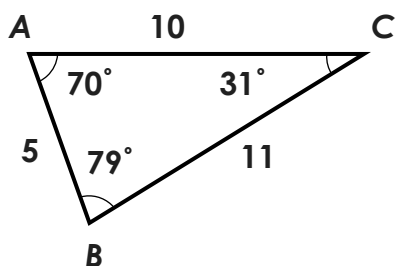
**B**  $\Delta EDF \sim \Delta KLJ$

**C**  $\Delta DEF \sim \Delta JKL$

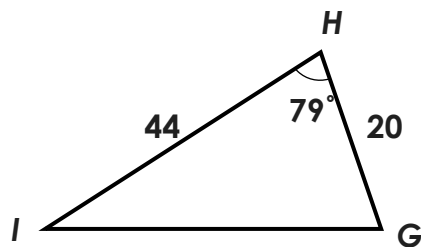
- 1 Identify which similar triangle theorem to use.
- 2 Determine whether the triangles are similar.
- 3 Use geometry notation to write the similarity statement.



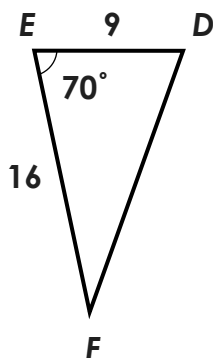
- 1 Identify which similar triangle theorem to use.
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- 3 Use geometry notation to write the similarity statement.



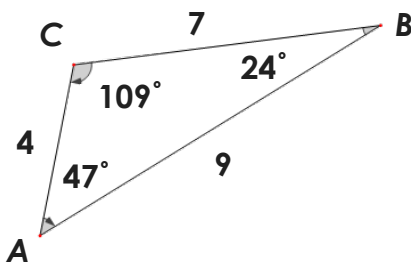
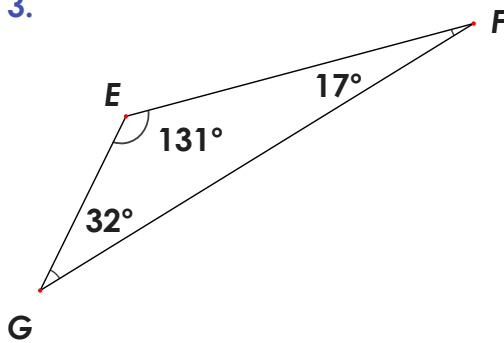
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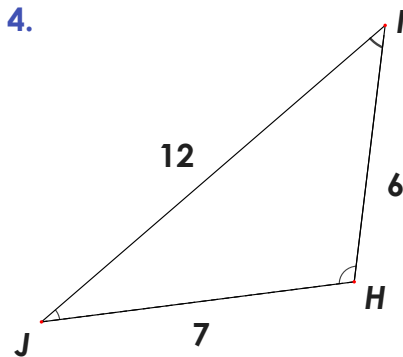
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3.

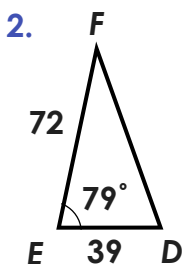
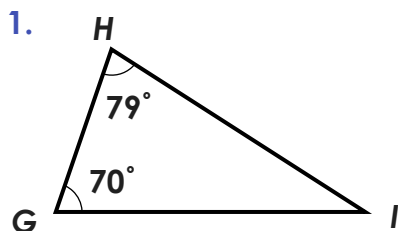
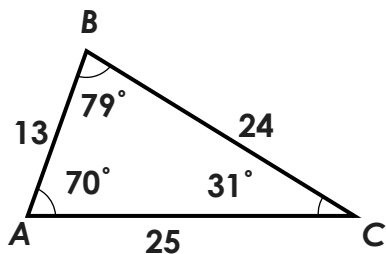


4.



**Skill Closure**

- 1 Identify which similar triangle theorem to use.
- 2 Determine whether the triangles are similar.
- 3 Use geometry notation to write the similarity statement.

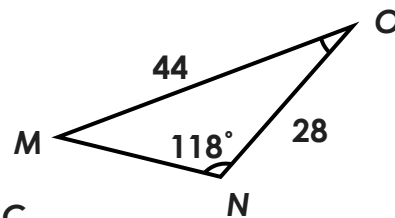
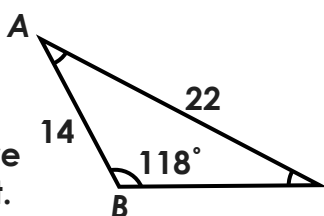


**Concept Closure**



**Writing**

Emma thinks that the triangles are similar because the two side ratios and angles are equal. Explain why her answer is incorrect.



**Summary Closure**

What did you learn today about determining similar triangles?

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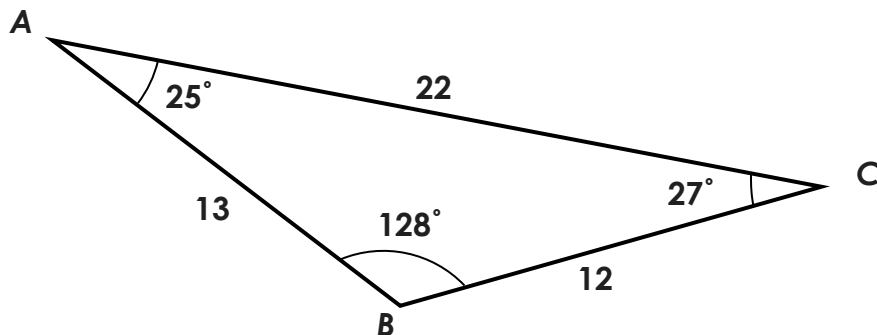


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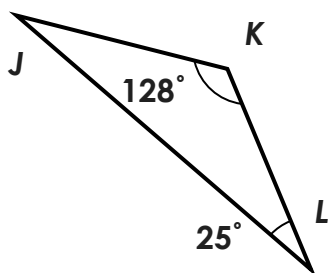
**Word Bank**

- similar
- triangle
- theorem
- angle
- side ratio
- equal
- angle-angle
- side-side-side
- side-angle-side

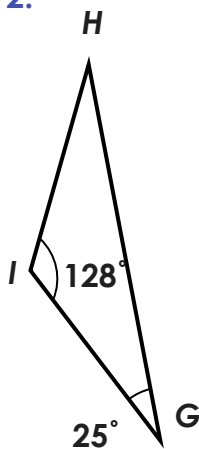
- 1 Identify which similar triangle theorem to use.
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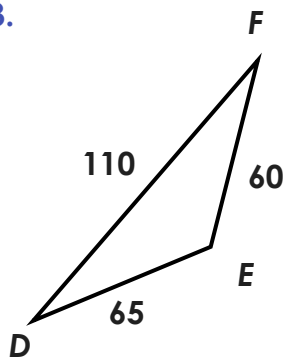
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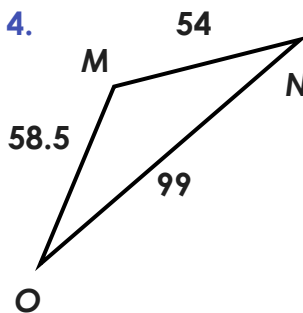
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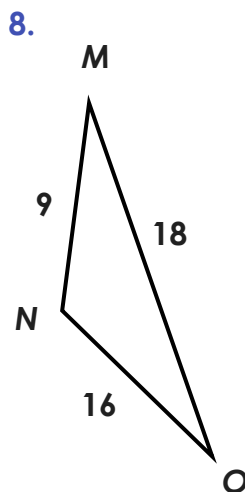
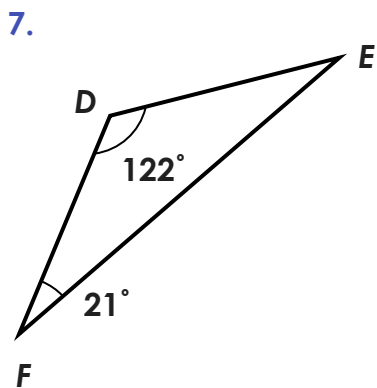
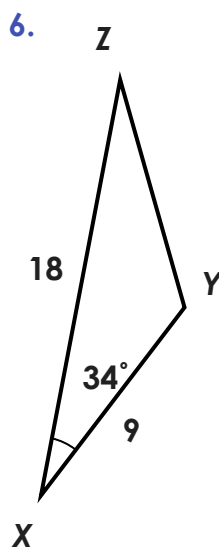
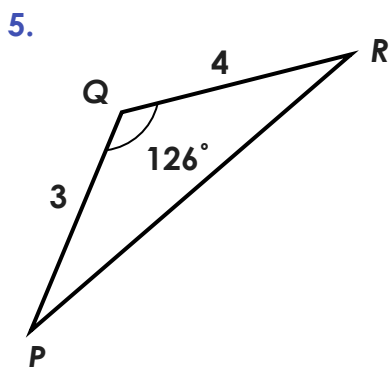
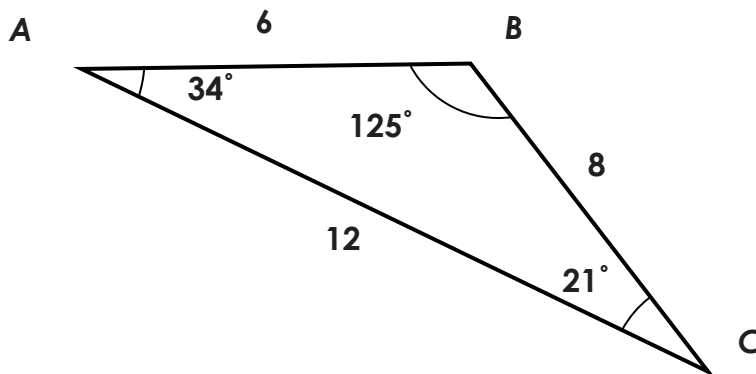


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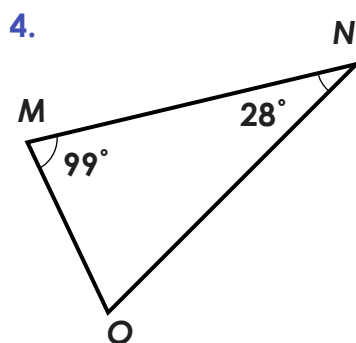
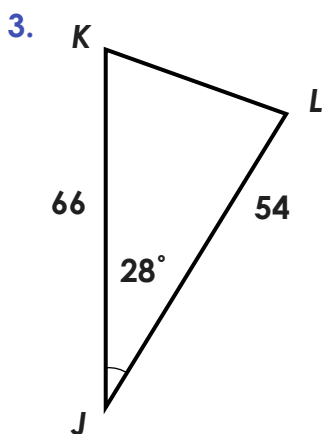
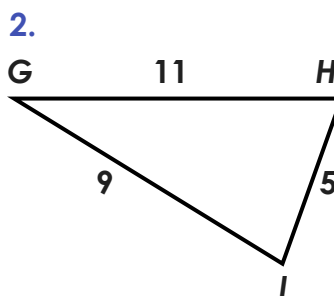
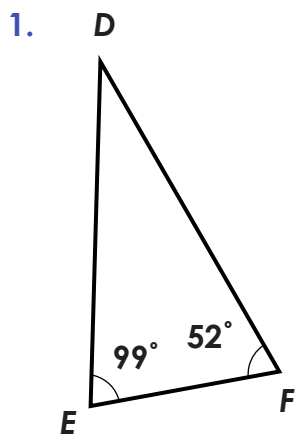
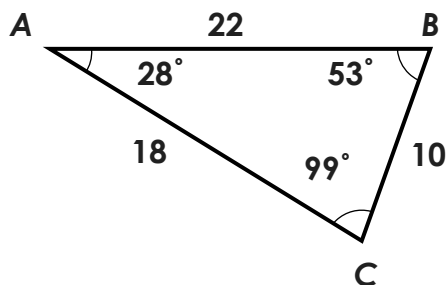




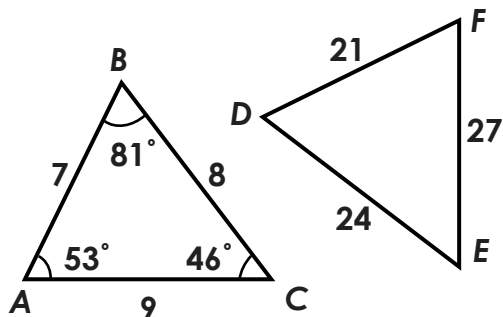
- 1 Identify which similar triangle theorem to use.
- 2 Determine whether the triangles are similar.
- 3 Use geometry notation to write the similarity statement.



Determine if the given triangle is similar to  $\triangle ABC$ .



Joey thinks he solved this problem correctly. Explain why his answer is incorrect.



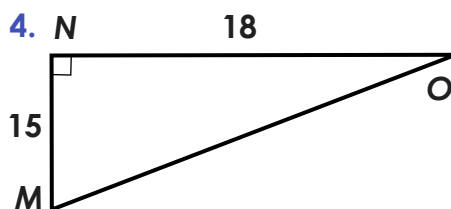
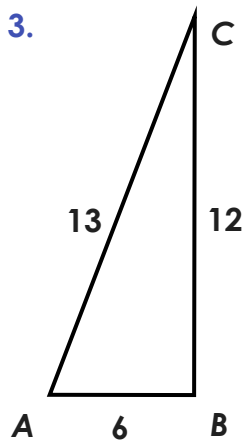
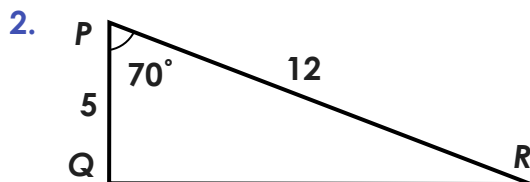
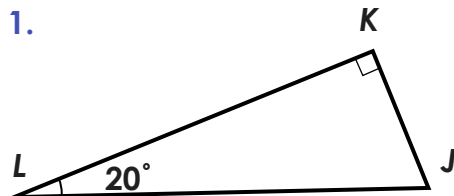
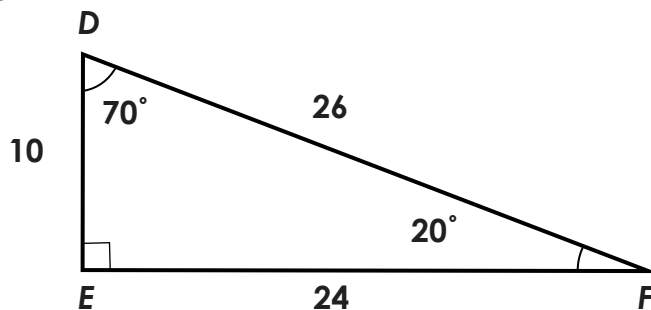
Side-Side-Side

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{24}{8} = \frac{27}{9}$$

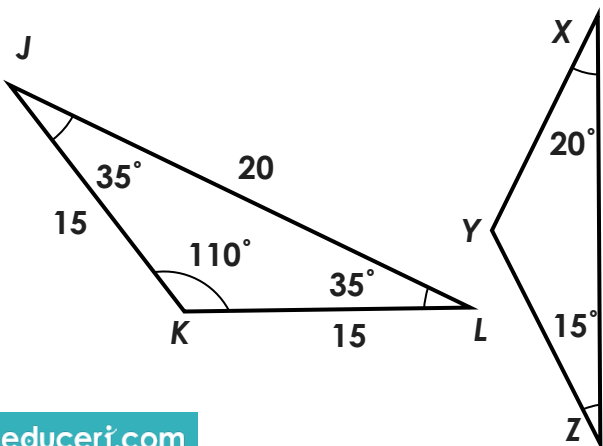
$$3 = 3 = 3$$

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ , because all side ratios are equal.

Determine if the given triangle is similar to  $\triangle DEF$ .



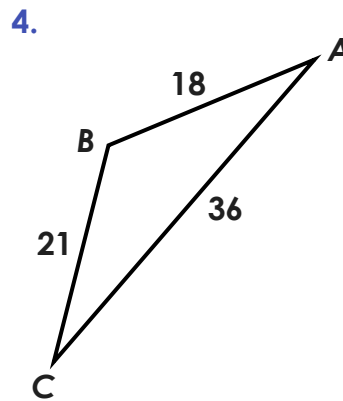
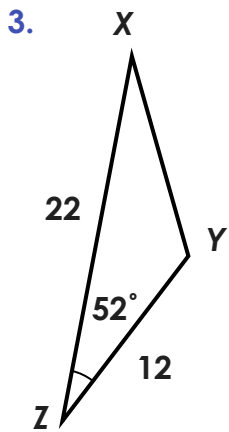
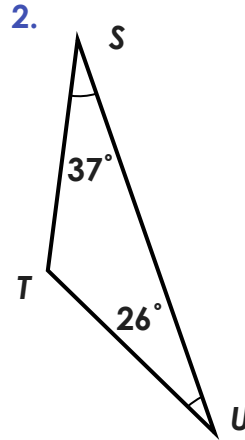
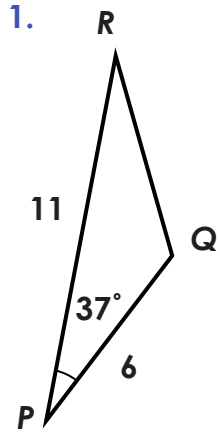
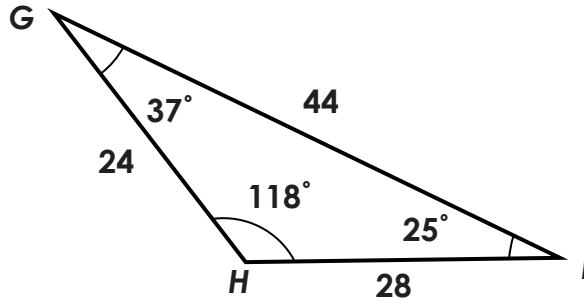
Alyna thinks she solved this problem correctly. Explain why her answer is incorrect.



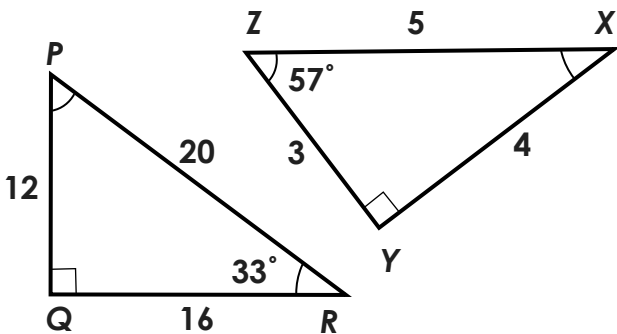
Angle-Angle  
 $m\angle J = m\angle X = 20^\circ$   
 $m\angle L = m\angle Z = 15^\circ$

$\triangle JKL \sim \triangle XYZ$ , because the triangles share two equal angles.

Determine if the given triangle is similar to  $\triangle GHI$ .



Joey thinks he solved this problem correctly. Explain why his answer is incorrect.



Side-Angle-Side  
 $m\angle R = 33^\circ \neq m\angle Z = 57^\circ$   
 $\frac{3}{16} = \frac{5}{20} \quad \frac{3}{16} \neq \frac{1}{4}$

$\triangle PQR \not\sim \triangle XYZ$ , because the corresponding side ratios and angles between the sides are NOT equal.